

Department of Stamps & Registration - List of Criminal clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Department of Stamps & Registration	THE KARNATAKA STAMP ACT, 1957	59A	59A. Penalty for making false declaration in clearance list. - Any person who in a clearance list makes a declaration which is false or which he either knows or believes to be false where it results in loss of stamp duty to the State Government shall, on conviction be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than one month but which may extend to six months and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees.	Penalty for making false declaration in clearance list	Imprisonment for 1-6 months or fine upto Rs.5,000
2	Department of Stamps & Registration	THE KARNATAKA STAMP ACT, 1957	59B	59B. Penalty for failure to produce documents. - Any person who,- (i) fails to produce any register, book, record, paper, application, document, instrument or proceedings for inspection, or (ii) prevents or obstructs the inspection, entry, search or seizure by an officer, empowered under this Act, shall on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than onemonth but which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or with both.	Penalty for failure to produce documents	Imprisonment for 1-6 months or with fine upto Rs.5,000 or both
3	Department of Stamps & Registration	THE KARNATAKA STAMP ACT, 1957	63	63. Penalty for franking, recording certificate or embossing contrary to the Act or the rules. - Any person who is authorised to frank or record the certificate of stamp or emboss the duty acts in contravention of the Act or the rules made thereunder shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than one month but which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or with both.]	Penalty for franking, recording certificate or embossing contrary to the Act or the rules.	Imprisonment for 1-6 months or fine upto Rs.5,000 or both
4	Department of Stamps & Registration	THE KARNATAKA STAMP ACT, 1957	63A	63A. Penalty for contravention of other provisions. - Any person who willfully acts in contravention of any of the provisions of this Act in respect of which no other provision has been made in this Chapter, shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.]	Penalty for contravention of other provisions	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto Rs.500 or both

Karnataka Industrial Areas Development Board (KIADB)- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	KIADB	The Karnataka Industrial Areas Development Act,1966	39	39. Penalty for obstruction. -Any person who obstructs the entry of a person authorised under section 35 to enter into or upon any land or building or molests such person after such entry or who obstructs the lawful exercise by him of any power conferred by or under this Act shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.	Penalty for obstruction	Imprisonment upto 6 months and or with fine of Rs. 1,000 or both

Labour Department- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Labour Department	THE KARNATAKA SHOPS AND COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENTS ACT, 1961	4(8)	<p>If any employer has falsely claimed the benefit of deemed registration and has displayed such self certificate under sub-section (7), he shall on conviction be punished with an imprisonment of not less than six months and with a fine which may extend to five thousand rupees.</p> <p>(7) In case the certificate of registration or renewal of registration is not received by any employer within the period specified in sub-section (3A) or (6), the employer shall display a self-certification statement sent by Registered Post with Acknowledgement Due to the Registering Authority for registration or renewal, as the case may be, along with the acknowledgement to that effect stating that he has got the deemed benefit. In case the certificate of registration or renewal of registration as the case may be, is received by the employer subsequently, such self certification shall be replaced with a regular certificate as soon as the same is received.</p>	Registration of establishment	Imprisonment upto 6 months and with fine upto 5 thousand rupees
2	Labour Department	THE KARNATAKA SHOPS AND COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENTS ACT, 1961	30(3)	<p>Whoever contravenes the provisions of [sections 24 and 25] shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three months but which may extend to six months or with fine which shall not be less than ten thousand rupees, but which may extend to twenty thousand rupees or with both, for the first offence and for the second and subsequent offences, he shall be punishable with imprisonment of a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to one year.</p> <p>24. Prohibition of employment of children.—No child shall be required or allowed to work in any establishment.</p> <p>25. Prohibition of employment of women and young persons during night.—No woman, or a young person, shall be required or allowed to work whether as an employee or otherwise in any establishment during night</p>	Penalty for the employment of children and women and young persons during night	Imprisonment 3 months to 6 months and/or with fine 10000-20000 rupees

Excise Department- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Excise Department	Karnataka Excise act 1965	32 (1)	<p>32. Penalty for illegal import, etc.- (1)Whoever, in contravention of this Act, or any rule, notification or order, made, issued or given thereunder, or of any licence or permit granted under this Act, imports, exports, transports, manufactures, collects or possesses any intoxicant, shall, on conviction, [be punished for each offence with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to [five years and with fine which may extend to fifty thousand rupees. (i) for the first offence shall be not less than [one year rigorous imprisonment and fine of not less than ten thousand rupees] ; and (ii) for the second and subsequent offences shall be not less than [two years rigorous imprisonment and fine of not less than twenty thousand rupees] for each such offence.]</p>	Penalty for illegal import.	<p>Imprisonment extending upto 5 years and fine upto 50 thousand rupees.</p> <p>First offence shall be not less than one year rigorous imprisonment and fine of not less than ten thousand rupees</p>
2	Excise Department	Karnataka Excise act 1965	32 (2)	<p>32. Penalty for illegal import, etc.- (2) Whoever in contravention of this Act, or of any rule, notification or order made, issued or given thereunder, or of any licence or permit granted under this Act,-</p> <p>(a) save in the cases provided for in section 37, sells any intoxicant; or</p> <p>(b) cultivates or fails to take the measures prescribed for checking the spontaneous growth or for the extirpation of the hemp plants; or</p> <p>(c) taps or draws toddy from any toddy-producing tree or;</p> <p>(d) constructs or works any distillery or brewery; or</p> <p>(e) uses, keeps or has in his possession any materials, still, utensil, apparatus or implement whatsoever for the purpose of manufacturing any intoxicant other than toddy ; or</p> <p>(f) removes any intoxicant from any distillery, brewery or warehouse licenced, established or continued under this Act ; or</p> <p>(g) bottles any liquor; shall, on conviction, be punished for each offence with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to five years and with a fine which may extend to twenty thousand rupees.</p> <p>Provided that the punishment,-</p> <p>(i) for the first offence shall be not less than one year rigorous imprisonment and fine of not less than five thousand rupees; and</p> <p>(ii) for the second and subsequent offences shall be not less than one year rigorous imprisonment and fine of not less than ten thousand rupees for each such offence.</p>	Penalty for illegal import	<p>Imprisonment extending upto 5 years and fine upto 20 thousand rupees.</p> <p>First offence shall be not less than one year rigorous imprisonment and fine of not less than 5 thousand rupees</p>
3	Excise Department	Karnataka Excise act 1965	32 (4)	<p>(4) Whoever violates the provisions of section 13A or the rules made thereunder shall on conviction be punished with a fine of rupees five thousand for each time, upto first five offences. In case of subsequent offence, he shall be punished with an imprisonment for a term of six months or with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees or with both.</p> <p>13A. Manufacture etc., of Neera and Neera Products prohibited except under a licence.- No person shall tap Neera from coconut tree or further process it, except with a licence granted by the competent authority or payment of such fee and subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed.</p>	Manufacture etc., of Neera and Neera Products prohibited except under a licence	Upto first five offences, fine of rupees five thousand for each time

4	Excise Department	Karnataka Excise act 1965.	33	<p>33. Penalty for rendering denatured spirit fit for human consumption.- whoever (a) renders fit for human consumption any spirit, which has been denatured; or (b) has in his possession any spirit in respect of which he knows, or has reason to believe that any such offence has been committed or that an attempt to commit such an offence has been made; shall, on conviction, be punished for each offence with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to [four years and with fine which may extend to twenty thousand rupees. [Provided that the punishment,- (i) for the first offence shall be not less than [two years rigorous imprisonment and fine of not less than five thousand rupees]3 and (ii) for the second and subsequent offences shall be not less than rigorous imprisonment for [two years and fine of not less than ten thousand rupees]one thousand, for each such offence.]</p>	Penalty for rendering denatured spirit fit for human consumption.	Imprisonment upto 4 years and fine upto 20 thousand. 1st offence- 2 years of imprisonment and with fine upto 5 thousand rupees.
5	Excise Department	Karnataka Excise act 1965.	34	<p>34. Penalty for illegal possession.- Whoever, without lawful authority has in his possession any quantity of any intoxicant knowing the same to have been unlawfully imported, transported, manufactured, cultivated or collected, or knowing the prescribed duty not to have been paid thereon, shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to four years and with fine which may extend to fifty thousand rupees. Provided that the punishment,- (i) for the first offence shall be not less than one year imprisonment and fine of rupees ten thousand ; and (ii) for the second and subsequent offences shall be not less than imprisonment for two years and fine of not less than rupees twenty thousand] for each such offence: Provided further that the fine inflicted, shall not be less than four times the amount of duty leviable on such intoxicant.</p>	Penalty for illegal possession.	Imprisonment upto 4 years and fine upto 50 thousand. (i) 1st offence: 1 year of imprisonment and with fine of 10 thousand rupees.

6	Excise Department	Karnataka Excise act 1965.	36	<p>Whoever, being the holder of a licence or permit granted under this Act, or being in the employ of such holder and acting on his behalf,-</p> <p>(a) fails to produce such licence or permit on the demand of any Excise Officer or of any other person duly empowered to make such demand; or</p> <p>(b) wilfully does or omits to do, anything in breach of any of the conditions of his licence, or permit, not otherwise provided for in this Act; or</p> <p>(c) save in a case provided for by section 32 wilfully contravenes any rule made under section 71; or</p> <p>(d) permits drunkenness, disorderly conduct or gaming in any place wherein any intoxicant is sold or manufactured; or</p> <p>(e) permits or suffers persons whom he knows or has reason to believe to have been convicted of any non-bailable offence, or who are reputed prostitutes or habitual offenders, to resort to, or assemble or remain in or on the premises where any excisable article is sold or manufactured; or</p> <p>(f) sells any intoxicant to a person who is drunk; or</p> <p>(g) sells or gives any intoxicant to any child apparently under eighteen years of age or permits or suffers such child or remain in or on the premises where any excisable article is sold, or manufactured; or</p> <p>(h) in contravention of section 20 employs or permits to be employed on any part of his licenced premises referred to in that section any child or women, shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.</p>	Penalty for misconduct of licensee.	Imprisonment upto 3 months and/or with fine upto 500 rupees.
7	Excise Department	Karnataka Excise act 1965.	37(1)	<p>37. Penalty for adulteration, etc., by licensed vendor or manufacturer or any other person- whoever, being the holder of a licence for the sale or manufacture of any intoxicant under this Act, or a person in the employ of such holder or any other person mixes or permits to be mixed with the intoxicant sold or manufactured by him, any noxious drug or any foreign ingredient likely to add to its actual or apparent intoxicating quality or strength, or any article prohibited by any rule made under this Act, when such admixture does not amount to an offence of adulteration under section 272 of the Indian Penal Code, shall, on conviction be punished with imprisonment for a term three years and with a fine which shall not be less than ten thousand rupees and not more than fifty thousand rupees.</p>	Penalty for adulteration, etc., by licensed vendor or manufacturer [or any other person]	Imprisonment for a term 3 years and with a fine from 10 to 50 thousand rupees.

8	Excise Department	Karnataka Excise act 1965.	37(2)	<p>Whoever, being the holder of a licence for the sale or manufacture of any intoxicant under this Act, or a person in the employ of such holder or any other person</p> <p>(a) sells or keeps or exposes for sale as foreign liquor, liquor which he knows or has reason to believe to be Indian liquor; or</p> <p>(b) marks any bottle or the cork of any bottle, case, package, or other receptacle containing Indian liquor or uses any bottle, case, package or other receptacle containing Indian liquor, with any mark thereon or on the cork thereof, with the intention of causing it to be believed that such bottle, case, package or other receptacle contains foreign liquor, when such act shall not amount to the offence of using a false trade mark with intention to deceive or injure any person under section 482 of the Indian Penal Code; or</p> <p>(c) sells or keeps or exposes for sale any Indian liquor in a bottle, case, package or other receptacle with any mark thereon or on the cork thereof with the intention of causing it to be believed that such bottle, case, package or other receptacle contains foreign liquor, when such act shall not amount to the offence of selling goods marked with counterfeit trade mark under section 486 of the Indian Penal Code; shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to [five years and with fine which may extend to fifty thousand rupees.</p> <p>Provided that the punishment,-</p> <p>(i) for the first offence shall be not less than three years' imprisonment and fine of not less than twenty thousand rupees; and</p> <p>(ii) for the second and subsequent offences shall be not less than imprisonment for five years and fine of not less than fifty thousand rupees] for each such offence;</p>	Penalty for adulteration, etc., by licensed vendor or manufacturer [or any other person]	Imprisonment extending upto 5 years and fine upto 50 thousand. (i) 1st offence: imprisonment upto 3 years and with a fine of 20 thousand rupees.
9	Excise Department	Karnataka Excise act 1965.	38(1)	<p>A chemist druggist, apothecary or keeper of a dispensary, who allows any intoxicant which has not been bona fide medicated or medicinal purposes to be consumed on his business premises by any person shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.</p>	Penalty for consumption in Chemist's shop, etc.	Imprisonment upto 3 months and or with fine upto 1 thousand rupees.

Energy Department- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Energy Department	THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY REFORM ACT, 1999	42	Penalty for contravention of section 18.- Whoever in contravention of the provisions of this Act or the regulations made under this Act or of the provisions of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 or the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1948 or the rules framed under the said Acts, engages in the business of transmission or supply or use of energy, shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to rupees five lakhs or with both and a further fine which may extend to rupees twenty thousand for each day after the first during which the offence continues.	Penalty for contravention of section 18 (Requirement of License)	Imprisonment upto 1 year and/or fine upto 5 lakhs
2	Energy Department	THE KARNATAKA ELECTRICITY REFORM ACT, 1999	43	If any licensee or other person refuses or fails without reasonable excuse to comply with or give effect to, any direction, order or requirement made under any of the provisions of this Act he shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to rupees five lakhs or with both and a further fine which may extend to rupees twenty thousand for each day after the first during which the offence continues.	Penalty for contravention of other provisions	Imprisonment upto 6 months and/or fine with 5 lakhs

3	Department of Electrical Inspectorate	THE KARNATAKA LIFTS, ESCALATORS AND PASSENGER CONVEYORS ACT, 2012	19	Whoever contravenes any of provisions of this Act, rules or conditions of a licence or registration or a direction given by such officer as the Government may authorize under this Act or the rules shall be punishable with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees or simple imprisonment which may extend to six months or both and in the case of a continuing contravention with a further fine which may extend to one hundred rupees, for every day after the first during which the breach has continued.	Penalty for contravention of any provisions	Imprisonment upto 6 months and/or fine upto 10 thousand
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Water Resources Department- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Water Resoruces Department	THE KARNATAKA IRRIGATION ACT, 1965	55	55. Offences under the Act.- Whoever voluntarily and without proper authority,- (vi) destroys, tampers with, or removes any apparatus, or part of any apparatus, for controlling, regulating or measuring the flow of water in any irrigation work; (x) puts up a dam across or otherwise obstructs the free course of water the right to which vests in the Government; (xi) being responsible for the maintenance of the field channel or using the field channel, neglects to take proper precautions for the prevention of waste of the water thereof, or interferes with the authorised distribution of the water therefrom or uses such water in an unauthorised manner;	Punishment for destroying, tampering or removing of apparatus, puts dam across or obstructs the free course of water etc	For clauses (vi), (x), (xi) Imprisonment upto 1 year and/or fine upto 1 thousand
2	Water Resoruces Department	THE KARNATAKA IRRIGATION ACT, 1965	55	55. Offences under the Act.- Whoever voluntarily and without proper authority,- (i) damages, alters, enlarges or obstructs any irrigation work ; (ii) interferes with, increases, or diminishes the supply of water in, or the flow of water from, through, over, or under any irrigation work or by any means raises or lowers the level of the water in any irrigation work; (iii) opens, shuts or obstructs or attempts to open, shut or obstruct any sluice or outlet or any other similar contrivance in any irrigation work; (iv) corrupts or fouls the water of any irrigation work so as to render it less fit for the purpose for which it is ordinarily used; (v) destroys, defaces or moves any land-mark or level-mark or water-guage fixed by the authority of a public servant; (vii) causes any animal or vehicle to pass on or across any of the works, banks, canals or channels of an irrigation work contrary to rules made under section 71 after he has been required to desist therefrom; (viii) causes or permits any animal to graze or be tethered upon the bank of any irrigation work; (ix) removes or injures any tree, bush, grass or other vegetation intended for the protection of any irrigation work; (xiii) contravenes any provisions of this Act; (xiv) contravenes any rule made under section 71, the contravention whereof is declared in the rules made under that section to be an offence punishable under this section, shall, on conviction, be punished for offences under clauses (vi), (x), (xi) with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both and for offences under any other clause with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both	Punishment for damaging, altering, obstructing any irrigation work etc. or contravenes any provision of the Act	Imprisonment upto 2 months and/or fine upto Rs 500

Minor Irrigation Department- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Karnataka Ground Water Authority	The Karnataka Ground Water (Regulation and Control of Development and Management) Act, 2011	32	(1) Any person or drilling or digging agency who,- (a) obstructs the Authority or any other person authorized by it to exercise any of the powers under this Act; or (b) having been required to furnish any information or return under clause (f) of sub-section (1) of section 17: (i) wilfully refuses or without lawful excuse, neglects to furnish such information or return; or (ii) wilfully furnishes or causes to be furnished any information or return which he knows to be false; shall be liable for punishment with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees and/or imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or both. In the case of continuing and subsequent failure or contravention, an additional fine which may extend to one hundred rupees for every day during which such failure or contravention continues, shall be imposed.	Obstructs authority, or fails to furnish any information or furnishes false information	Imprisonment upto 6 months and/or with fine upto 5 thousand rupees
2	Karnataka Ground Water Authority	The Karnataka Ground Water (Regulation and Control of Development and Management) Act, 2011	32(2)	(2) Any person who indulges in a drilling or digging well without permit from the authority shall be liable for punishment with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or both. The authority or any other person authorized by it to exercise any of the powers under this Act may seize and confiscate the well and equipment of drilling or digging in such contravention, in favour of the Government in the manner as prescribed.	Drilling or digging well without permit	Imprisonment upto 6 months and/or fine upto 5 thousand rupees

3	Karnataka Ground Water Authority	The Karnataka Ground Water (Regulation and Control of Development and Management) Act, 2011	32(3)	(3) If any person other than a drilling or digging agency who drills or digs well without permit or continues to extract water in notified area without registration and contravenes or fails to comply with any other provisions of this Act or any rule made thereunder or conditions of permit, except those mentioned in sub-section (1) and (2) above shall be liable for punishment with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees or imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or both. In the case of subsequent and continuing failure or contravention of the authority or any other person authorized by it to exercise any other powers under this Act may seize and confiscate the well and equipment in such contravention, in favour of Government as prescribed.	Drilling or digging well without permit or continues to extract water in notified area without registration	Imprisonment upto 3 months and/or fine upto 2 thousand rupees
4	Karnataka Ground Water Authority	The Karnataka Ground Water (Regulation and Control of Development and Management) Act, 2011	32(4)	(4) Any person or drilling or digging agency which contravenes or fails to comply with any other provision of this Act or any rule made thereunder or conditions of certificate of registration, except those mentioned in sub-section (1) above, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees or imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year. In case of subsequent and continuing failure or contravention the authority or any other person authorized by it to exercise any of the powers under this Act may seize and confiscate the drilling or digging equipment and machinery in favour of Government in the manner as prescribed.	Contravention of any provision of the Act except sub section (1)	Imprisonment upto 1 year or fine upto 10 thousand rupees

Forest Department- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA PRESERVATION OF TREES ACT, 1976	22	22. Penalty: -Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of this Act or orders made thereunder shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both. Upon such conviction the court may order any property in respect of which the offence is committed to be forfeited to the State Government.	Contravention of acts and order made thereunder	Imprisonment upto 3 months and or with fine upto 1 thousand rupees
2	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST ACT, 1963	24	24. Acts prohibited in reserved forests. —Any person who,— (a) makes any fresh clearing prohibited by section 6, or (b) sets fire to a reserved forest or in contravention of any rules made by the State Government in this behalf, kindles any fire, or leaves any fire burning, in such manner as to endanger such a forest; or any person who, in a reserved forest,— (c) in contravention of the rules made in this behalf by the State Government,— (i) kindles, keeps or carries any fire except at such seasons as the Forest Officer may notify in this behalf; (ii) trespasses or pastures cattle, or permits cattle to trespass; (d) (f) quarries stone, burns lime or charcoal, or collects, subjects to any manufacturing process, or removes, any forest produce;(g) clears or breaks up any land for cultivation or any other purpose; [(gg) unauthorisedly occupies land for any purpose; causes any damage by negligence in felling any tree or cutting or dragging any timber; (e) fells, cuts, girdles, lops, taps or burns any tree or strips off the bark or leaves from, or otherwise damages the same (h) damages, alters or removes any cairn, wall, ditch, embankment, fence, hedge, or railing;(i) poisons or dynamites water; (j) in contravention 1[of any law or rules, enters any reserved forest with fire arms or any other weapon meant for hunting]1 , hunts, shoots, fishes or sets traps or snares, or who abets committing of any of the above prohibited acts shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees, or with both, and in addition be liable to pay such compensation for the damage done to the forests as the convicting court may direct to be paid.	Executing any prohibited Acts in reserved forest	Imprisonment upto 1 year or with fine upto 2 thousand rupees , or both
3	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST ACT, 1963	33(3)	(3) In making a rule under this section, the State Government may provide that person guilty of contravention thereof shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both; and where the contravention is committed after sunset or before sunrise, or after preparation for resistance to lawful authority, or where the offender has been previously convicted for a like offence with imprisonment which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both.	Violations of rules made by the State Government	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 500 rupees, or both
4	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST ACT, 1963	41	41. Penalties. —(1) Whoever contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 37 or of the rules framed under section 38 or any of the terms of a notification under section 39, shall, without prejudice to any other action under this Act, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine or with both	Violations of provision or specified sections or rules of this ACT	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine or with both
5	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST ACT, 1963	73	73. Penalty for counterfeiting or defacing marks on trees or timber and for altering boundary marks. —Whoever, with intent to cause damage or injury to the public or to any person, or to cause wrongful gain as defined in the Indian Penal Code,— (a) knowingly counterfeits upon any timber or standing tree a mark used by Forest Officers to indicate that such timber or such tree is the property of the Government or of some person, or that it may lawfully be cut or removed by some person; or (b) unlawfully affixes to any timber or standing tree a mark used by Forest Officers; or (c) alters, defaces or obliterates any such mark placed on any timber or standing tree by or under the authority of a Forest Officer; or (d) alters, moves, destroys or defaces any boundary mark of any forest or waste land to which the provisions of this Act are applicable; shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both	Counterfeiting marks on trees or timber made by forest officials, altering boundary marks, etc.	Imprisonment upto 2 years, or fine, or both

6	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST ACT, 1963	86	<p>86. Penalty for offence in regard to sandalwood.—In any case of a forest offence having reference to the cutting, uprooting, or removal or damage to, a sandal tree or any part of a sandal tree belonging to Government, 1 [or to an occupant or holder of land or other person referred to in section 83]1 , the offender shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to 2 [ten years]2 3 [and with fine]3 which may extend to 2 [one lakh rupees.]2 1. Inserted by Act 20 of 2001 w.e.f. 5.9.2002. 2. Substituted by Act 20 of 2001 w.e.f. 5.9.2002. 3. Substituted by Act 23 of 1974 w.e.f. 16.9.1974. 1 [Provided that,— (i) in the case of first offence the term of imprisonment shall not be less than 2 [five years]2 and the amount of fine shall not be less than 2 [fifty thousand rupees]2 ; and (ii) in the case of a second or subsequent offence the term of imprisonment shall not be less than 2 [seven years]2 and the amount of fine shall not be less than 2 [seventy five thousand rupees.]2] 1</p>	Offences related to sandalwood tree belonging to Government	<p>Imprisonment upto 10 years and fine upto 1 lakh rupees</p> <p>For first offence imprisonment not less than 5 years and fine not less than 50,000 rupees</p>
7	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST ACT, 1963	87(2)	<p>87. Regulation of sale and manufacture of sandalwood and sandalwood oil.— (2) Whoever contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to ten years and with fine which may extend to one lakh rupees : Provided that,— (i) in the case of first offence, the term of imprisonment shall not be less than five years and the amount of fine shall not be less than fifty thousand rupees ; (ii) in the case of a second or subsequent offence, the term of imprisonment shall not be less than seven years and the amount of fine shall not be less than 1 [seventy five thousand rupees.</p> <p>(1) No person shall possess, store or sell or attempt to store or sell sandalwood or disintegrate or attempt to disintegrate sandalwood in mills or by other contrivance, manufacture or distil, or attempt to manufacture or distil oil from sandalwood, or re-distil, 1 [refine, possess, store or sell or attempt to refine , store or sell]1 oil extracted from sandalwood, except under a licence obtained from such Forest Officer on payment of such fees, and subject to such restrictions and conditions as may be prescribed: Provided that no such licence shall be refused in respect of distillation of oil from sandalwood and possession and storage of sandalwood for purposes of distillation, and the sale of sandalwood oil so distilled, by persons bona fide carrying on the business of distillation immediately prior to the commencement of this Act, in any area of the State: Provided further that no such licence shall be necessary for possession of sandalwood up to 1 [three kilograms and sandalwood oil upto one hundred grams]1 for bona fide domestic use. 2 [Provided also that nothing in this sub-section so far as it relates to obtaining a licence to possess, store or sell or attempt to store or sell sandal wood shall apply to any person or occupant or holder of land referred to in section 83 in respect of sandal wood obtained from sandal tree grown by such person or occupant or holder in his land.]2 1. Substituted by Act 10 of 1989 w.e.f. 16.3.1989. 2. Inserted by Act 20 of 2001 w.e.f. 5.9.2002.</p>	Illegal sale of and manufacture of sandalwood and sandalwood oil without licenses	<p>Imprisonment upto 10 years and fine upto 1 lakh rupees</p> <p>For first offence imprisonment not less than 5 years and fine not less than 50,000 rupees</p>
8	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST ACT, 1963	98	<p>98. Penalty.— Whoever contravenes the provisions of sections 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, or 95 shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both.</p>	Offences related to catechu - felling without permission, not maintaining accounts, etc.	<p>Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 500 rupees or with both.</p>
9	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST ACT, 1963	104	<p>104. Penalties for Contravention of Act or rules.—Any person contravening any provision of this Act or any rule made under this Act, for the contravention of which no special penalty is provided, shall, on conviction be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to 1 [six months]1 or with fine which may extend to 1 [one thousand rupees]1 , or with both</p> <p>Provided that any person contravening any such provision relating to sandalwood, shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to five years and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees.]</p>	Violations of provision or specified sections or rules of this ACT	<p>Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 1000 rupees or with both.</p> <p>Contravention of provision relating to Sandalwood - Imprisonment upto 5 years and fine upto 5 thousand rupees</p>

10	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST ACT, 1963	104A	<p>104A. Restrictions on trade and transport of blackwood or Bite trees and timber thereof.—(1) No person other than,— (a) the State Government; or (b) the officers of the State Government not below the rank of a 2 [Deputy Conservator of Forest]2 , authorised in writing in this behalf, shall purchase or transport any blackwood or bite tree (Dalbergia Latifolia) or timber thereof: Provided that the purchase of any such tree or timber from the State Government or the aforesaid officers shall not be deemed to be a purchase in contravention of the provisions of this sub-section: Provided further that the State Government may by order exempt any such tree or timber below such measurements as may be specified by it from time to time from the provisions of sub-section (1). 1. Section 104A and 104B inserted by Act 23 of 1974 w.e.f. 16.9.1974. 2. Substituted by Act 20 of 2001 w.e.f. 5.9.2002. (2) No person shall sell or otherwise dispose of any such tree or timber to any person other than the State Government or the aforesaid officers. (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) any such tree or timber purchased from the State Government or the aforesaid officers by any person for bonafide personal use may be transported by such person in accordance with the terms and conditions of a permit issued by such authority and in such manner as may be prescribed. (4) The price of any such tree or timber shall be such as the State Government may by order specify from time to time, having regard to,— (a) prevalent market price; (b) quality of the timber in the locality; (c) transport facilities available in the locality; (d) the cost of transport; (e) general level of wages for labour prevalent in the locality; and 1964: KAR. ACT 5] Forest 413 (f) such other matters as may be prescribed. (5) The State Government or the aforesaid officers may establish such number of depots as may be necessary where any such tree or timber may be sold to the State Government or the aforesaid officers. (6) The State Government or the aforesaid officers subject to the general supervision and control of the State Government shall be bound to purchase at the price fixed under sub-section (4) any such tree or timber offered for sale during the hours of business. (7) Any tree or timber purchased under sub-section (1) shall be sold or otherwise disposed of in such manner as the State Government may from time to time direct. (8) Any person contravening the provisions of this section or any rule made thereunder shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to 1 [five years]1 and with fine which may extend to 1 [ten thousand rupees.]1</p>	Trade, transport, sell, etc. of blackwood or Bite trees and timber without permission	Imprisonment upto 5 years and fine upto 10,000 rupees
11	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST ACT, 1963	104G	<p>104G. Removal of persons convicted of certain offences.—(1) When any person having been previously convicted twice or more of an offence punishable under sections 86, 87 or 104 A is again convicted of an offence punishable under any of the said sections, the court may, if it thinks fit, at the time of passing the sentence on such person, also, by order, direct such person to remove himself after the expiry of such sentence outside any district or any other area specified in such order. (2) The order under sub-section (1), shall specify the period not exceeding two years during which such order shall remain in force and shall specify such conditions and restrictions as may be specified in the rules, by the State Government. (3) If such conviction is set aside on appeal or otherwise, such order shall become void. (4) An order under this section may also be made by an appellate court or by the High Court when exercising its powers of revision. (5) If a person to whom a direction is issued under this section to remove himself from any area,— (i) fails to remove himself as directed; or (ii) having so removed himself, except with the permission in writing of the court mentioned in sub-section (1), enters the area within the period specified in the order, the court may cause him to be arrested and removed in police custody to such place outside the area as the court may, in each case, specify. (6) Any person who is guilty of the breach of any order passed under this section or of any of the conditions or restrictions specified in such order, shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to three years or with fine, or with both.]1</p>	Removal of convicted Individuals for repeated forest offenses	Imprisonment upto 3 years or fine, or both.
12	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST ACT, 1963	105(2)	<p>105. Persons bound to assist Forest Officers and Police Officers.— (2) Any person, who, being bound so to do, without lawful excuse (the burden of proving which shall lie upon such person) fails,— (a) to furnish without unnecessary delay to the nearest Forest Officer or Police Officer any information required by sub-section (1); (b) to take steps as required by sub-section (1) to extinguish any forest fire in a reserved forest or protected forest or district forest; (c) to prevent as required by sub-section (1) any fire in the vicinity of such forest from spreading to such forest; or (d) to assist any Forest Officer or Police Officer demanding his aid in preventing the commission in such forest of any forest offence, or, when there is reason to believe that any such offence has been committed in such forest in discovering and arresting the offender; shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both</p>	Failure of assist officials in case of reporting fires and prevent offenses	Imprisonment upto 1 month or fine upto 200 rupees or both

13	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST RULES, 1969	43	<p>Any person contravening provisions of rule 24, sub-rules (1) to (6) of rule 25, rules 27, 28, 29, 31, 32 and 33 shall on conviction be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees or with both.</p> <p>Rule 24: Privileges in district forests Rule 25: Acts prohibited in district forests Rule 27: Felling and removal of trees and collection of other forest produce Rule 28: Privileges in protected forests Rule 29: Permission for clearing for cultivation, etc., in protected forests Rule 31: Common rules for district and protected forests Rule 32: Devarakadus and Urudves in Coorg District Rule 33: Amrit Mahal Kavals</p>	Contravention of specified Rules	Imprisonment upto 1 month and or fine upto 200 rupees or both
14	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST RULES, 1969	58	<p>Penalty:- Any person contravening the provisions of rule 55 shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both. Rule 55: Collection of drift and stranded timber</p>	Contravention of specified Rules	Imprisonment upto 6 months and or fine upto 500 rupees or both
15	Forest, Ecology and Environment Department	THE KARNATAKA FOREST RULES, 1969	165	<p>Penalty.-Whoever contravenes the provisions of rule, 144, clause (b) of sub-rule (1) and –rule (4) of Rule 147 and 148 sub-rules (5) ,(7),(8), (9) and, (12)of Rule 149, Rule 150 sub-rules (1) and (2) of Rule 151, Rule 152 sub-rule (h) of Rule 153, Rule 154 sub-rules (3) ,(4),(5), (6),(7), and (8) of Rule 155 sub-rules (4) and (5)of Rule 156, sub-rule (3) of Rule 157, sub-rule (1), (2) and (3) of Rule 159, Rules 160, 161, and 162, sub-rules, (1) (2), (4), and (5) 3 of Rule 163, Rules 164 and 164 A, shall, on conviction, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or to a fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both; and where the contravention is committed after sun-set or before sun-rise, or after preparation for resistance to lawful authority or where the offender has been previously convicted for a like offence with imprisonment which may extend to one year or to a fine which may extend to one thousand rupees or with both.</p>	Contravention of specified Rules	Imprisonment upto 6 months and or fine upto 500 rupees or both

Revenue Department- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA LAND REVENUE ACT, 1964	192-A Table SI No 1	Unlawfully enters or occupies on any Government land with the intention of holding that Government land. Provided that it shall not apply to cases of Jamma, Bane lands in Coorg District or encroached government lands regularised or pending for regularization before the Committee constituted under sections 94A, 94B and 94C of the Act.	Unlawful occupation of Government land	Imprisonment for 1 year and fine of Rs.5,000/-
2	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA LAND REVENUE ACT, 1964	192-A Table SI No 2	Cheats and thereby dishonestly creates documents for the purpose of selling, mortgaging or transferring by gift or otherwise of any Government land.	Cheats or dishonestly creates documents of Government Land	Imprisonment for 3 years and fine of Rs.10,000/-
3	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA LAND REVENUE ACT, 1964	192-A Table SI No 3	Creates a forged document regarding Government lands with an intention to use it for that purpose or to grab such land.	Creates a forged document regarding Government lands	Imprisonment for 3 years and fine of Rs.5,000/-
4	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA LAND REVENUE ACT, 1964	192-A Table SI No 5	Sells any agricultural land for nonagricultural purposes without getting such land converted or without obtaining prior approval of the competent authority. Provided that it shall not apply to cases which are regularized by the government by formulating a special scheme in this behalf.	Sells any agricultural land for nonagricultural purpose	Imprisonment for 3 years and fine of Rs. 10,000/-
5	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA LAND REVENUE ACT, 1964	192-A Table SI No 6	Creates a forged document, regarding conversion of agricultural land for non-agricultural use or authorising the holder of agricultural land to use for non-agricultural purpose.	Creates a forged document, regarding conversion of agricultural land for non-agricultural use	Imprisonment for 1 year and fine of Rs.5,000/-
6	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA LAND REVENUE ACT, 1964	192-A Table SI No 8	Contravenes any lawful order passed under this Act.	Contravention of any order passed	Fine which may extend to 5 thousand rupees for the first offence

7	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA LAND REVENUE ACT, 1964	197(3)	197. Power of State Government to make rules. —(3) The State Government may, in making any rules under sub-section (1) or subsection (2) prescribe that any person committing a breach of any specified rule shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month or with fine not exceeding five hundred rupees, or with both, in addition to any other consequences that would ensue from such breach.	Breach of any specified rule	Imprisonment upto 1 month and or fine upto 500 rupees or with both
8	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA LAND GRABBING PROHIBITION ACT, 2011	4	4. Prohibition of land grabbing. —(1) No person shall commit or cause to be committed land grabbing, by himself or through any other person. (2) Any person who, on or after the commencement of this Act, continues to be in occupation, otherwise than as a lawful tenant, of a grabbed land belonging to the Government, Wakf, Hindu Religious Institution and Charitable Endowments, local authority, statutory or non-statutory body owned, controlled or managed by the State Government shall be guilty of an offence under this Act. (3) Whoever contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) shall on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than one year but which may extend to three years, and with fine which may extend to twenty five thousand rupees.	Prohibition of land grabbing	Imprisonment 1-3 yrs, fine up to Rs. 25,000

9	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA LAND GRABBING PROHIBITION ACT, 2011	5	<p>5. Penalty for other offences in connection with land grabbing. Whoever, with a view to grabbing land in contravention of the provisions of this Act or in connection with any such land grabbing,-</p> <p>(a) sells or allots, or offers or advertises for sale or allotment, or has in his possession for the purpose of sale or allotment any land grabbed;</p> <p>(b) instigates or incites any person to commit land grabbing;</p> <p>(c) uses any land grabbed or causes or permits knowingly to be used for purposes, connected with sale or allotment; or</p> <p>(d) enters into an agreement for construction of any structure or buildings on such land;</p> <p>(e) causes or procures or attempts to procure any person to do any of above mentioned acts;</p> <p>shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than one year but which may extend to three years and with fine which may extend to twenty five thousand rupees.</p>	Penalty for other offences in connection with land grabbing.-	Imprisonment 1-3 yrs, fine up to Rs. 25,000
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10	Revenue Department	Karnataka Land (Restriction on Transfer) Act, 1991	9	<p>9. Penalty.- If any person contravenes the provisions of section 3 or section 4, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine or with both.</p> <p>3. Prohibition on transfer of lands acquired by Government.- No person shall purport to transfer by sale, mortgage, gift, lease or otherwise any land or part thereof situated in any urban area which has been acquired by the Government under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (Central Act 1 of 1894) or any other law providing for acquisition of land for a public purpose.</p> <p>4. Regulation of transfer of lands in relation to which acquisition proceedings have been initiated.-No person shall, except with previous permission in writing of the competent authority, transfer, or purport to transfer by sale, mortgage, gift, lease or otherwise any land or part thereof situated in any urban area which is proposed to be acquired in connection with the Scheme in relation to which the declaration has been published under Section 19 of the Bangalore Development Authority Act, 1976 or section 19 of the Karnataka Urban Development Authorities Act, 1987.</p>	Unlawful transfer of land in urban areas under the section 19 of the BDA Act, 1976 and section 19 of the KUDA Act, 1987	Imprisonment upto 3 years or fine or both
11	Revenue Department	The Karnataka Land Reforms Act, 1961	125(1A)	<p>If any person who is under an obligation to furnish a declaration under sub-section (4) of section 66 refuses or fails to furnish a declaration within the period specified therefor under the said sub-section or furnishes a declaration which he knows or has reason to believe to be false or incomplete, he shall on conviction by a Magistrate be punished with imprisonment which shall be not less than six months but which may extend to one year or with fine which shall be five thousand rupees</p>	Fails to furnish a declaration within the period specified	Imprisonment 6 months - 1 year, fine up to Rs. 5000

12	Revenue Department	The Karnataka Land Reforms Act, 1961	125(2D)	(2D) If any person, after the date of vesting in the Government of any land under any provision of this Act and before the disposal of such land under this Act, cuts or causes to be cut, trees on the land, or removes or causes to be removed any building, machinery, plant or apparatus constructed, erected or fixed on the land and used for agricultural purposes, or does or causes to be done any act likely to diminish the utility of the land, he shall, on conviction by a magistrate, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.	causes damage to the land	Imprisonment up to 1 year, fine up to Rs. 1,000 or both
13	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA RENT ACT, 1999	54(i)	(i) If any landlord or tenant fails to present copy of the lease agreement for registration as required under clauses (a) or (b) of sub section (3) of section 4 or fails to file the particulars as required under the proviso thereto, he shall on conviction be punishable with fine upto two thousand rupees or with simple imprisonment for a term upto one month or with both and shall also be liable to fine of rupees five hundred for each day of continuing default till the agreement is presented or as the case may be particulars furnished ;	If any landlord or tenant fails to present copy of the lease agreement for registration as required	Imprisonment up to 1 month or fine up to Rs. 2,000 or both
14	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA RENT ACT, 1999	54(ii)	(ii) If any person contravenes the provisions of section 11, he shall on conviction be punishable with fine which may extend to a sum which exceeds the unlawful charges claimed or received by two thousand five hundred rupees or with simple imprisonment for a term upto one month or with both ;	If tenant claims charges by transferring or assignment of his tenancy	Imprisonment up to 1 month or fine up to Rs. 2,500 or both

15	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA RENT ACT, 1999	54(iii)(a)	<p>(iii) Every middleman or Estate agent who.- (a) fails to register his name in contravention or sub-section (1) of section 20 shall on conviction be punishable with fine upto two thousand rupees or with simple imprisonment for a term upto one month or with both, and shall also be liable to fine of rupees two thousand for each day of continuing default till he complies with the law (1) Every Middleman or Estate Agent by whatever name called who is engaged in brokerage of houses shall register his name with the Controller of the area in which he is so engaged in such manner and within such period and on payment of such fee, as may be prescribed.</p>	Middlement or Estate Agent who fails to register his name as a real-estate middleman	Imprisonment up to 1 month or fine up to Rs. 2,000 or both
16	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA RENT ACT, 1999	54(iii)(b)	<p>(iii) Every middleman or Estate agent who.- (b) fails to submit statements as required under sub-section (1) of section 21 shall on conviction be punishable with fine upto one thousand rupees or with simple imprisonment for a term upto one month or both and shall also be liable to fine of rupees two hundred for each day of continuing default till the statement is filed</p>	Middlement or Estate Agent who fails to submit statements	Imprisonment up to 1 month or fine up to Rs. 1,000 or both
17	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA RENT ACT, 1999	54(iii)(c)	<p>(iii) Every middleman or Estate agent who.- (c) fails to file returns as required under sub-section (2) of section 21 shall on conviction be punishable with a fine upto two thousand rupees or with simple imprisonment for a term upto on minimum with both, and shall also be liable to fine of two hundred rupees for each day of continuing default till the returns are filed</p>	Middlement or Estate Agent who fails to file returns	Imprisonment up to 1 month, fine up to Rs. 2,000
18	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA RENT ACT, 1999	54(iv)	<p>(iv) If any tenant sub-lets, assigns or otherwise parts with the possession of, the whole or part of any premises in contravention of the provisions of clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 27 he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees, or double the rent received by the tenant for subletting for every month till such time the cause of complaint ceases, whichever is more or with imprisonment for a term upto one month, or with both</p>	If any tenant sub-lets, assigns or otherwise parts with the possession of, the whole or part of any premises	Imprisonment up to 1 month, fine up to Rs. 5,000 or double the rent received for subletting

19	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA RENT ACT, 1999	54(v)	(v) If any landlord makes a false statement in his affidavit under item (i) of explanation I to clause (r) of sub-section (2) of section 27, he shall on conviction be punishable with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees, or double the rent receivable for a period of three months in case it has been relet, whichever is more, or with imprisonment for a term upto one month or with both ;	If any landlord makes a false statement in his affidavit	Imprisonment up to 1 month, fine up to Rs. 5,000 or double the rent received for 3 months
20	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA RENT ACT, 1999	54(vi)	(vi) If any landlord claims or receives the payment of any sum as premium or pegree or other consideration in contravention of sub-section (2) of section 32, he shall on conviction be punishable with fine upto three thousand rupees or with simple imprisonment for a term upto one month or with both ;	If any landlord claims or receives the payment of any sum as premium or pegree or other consideration	Imprisonment up to 1 month, fine up to Rs. 3,000
21	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA RENT ACT, 1999	54(vii)	(vii) If any landlord relets the whole or any part of any premises in contravention of sub-section (1) of section 35, he shall on conviction be punishable with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees, or double the rent the landlord receives after re-letting whichever is more, or imprisonment which may extend upto one month or with both.	If any landlord relets the whole or any part of any premises	Imprisonment up to 1 month, fine up to Rs. 5,000 or double the rent received for reletting
22	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA RENT ACT, 1999	54(ix)	(ix) If any landlord or tenant contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 49, he shall on conviction be punishable with fine equivalent in amount to the rent for three months or with upto one month's imprisonment, or with both, and shall also be liable to fine of one hundred rupees for each day of continuing default, commencing on the date of cutting off or withholding essential supply or service till the date the essential supply or service is restored. 49(1) No landlord either himself or through any person purporting to act on his behalf shall without just and sufficient cause cut off or withhold any essential supply or service enjoyed by the tenant in respect of the premises let to him	If any landlord without just and sufficient cause cut off or withhold any essential supply or service enjoyed by the tenant	Imprisonment up to 1 month, fine of three month's rent

23	Revenue Department	THE KARNATAKA RENT ACT, 1999	54(x)	<p>(x) if any landlord or tenant fails to furnish particulars as required under section 52 he shall on conviction be punishable with fine upto one thousand rupees or with imprisonment for a term upto one month or with both.</p> <p>52. Landlord and tenant to furnish particulars.- Every landlord and every tenant of a building shall be bound to furnish to the Controller or any person authorised by him in that behalf, such particulars in respect of the building as may be prescribed.</p>	If any landlord or tenant fails to furnish particulars as required u/s 52	Imprisonment up to 1 month, fine up to Rs. 1,000
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BBMP- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike (BBMP)	Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike act, 2020	173	If the proprietor of entertainment fails to pay tax under this_ Act within such time period provided under the Rules, such proprietor shall be liable to pay a fine of up to two times the tax payable or be sentenced to imprisonment of up to one year or both. (2) The Chief Commissioner, for the purpose of sub section (1), shall have the power to file a criminal complaint against such proprietor	Late tax payment.	imprisonment up to 1 year and/or fine upto two times the tax payable.
2	Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike (BBMP)	Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike act, 2020	174	Punishment for willful suppression of information in the returns.-(1) If the proprietor of entertainment willfully suppresses information in the returns and such information, in the opinion of the Chief Commissioner, is material to the calculation of entertainment tax, such proprietor shall be liable to pay a fine of up-to one and a half times the differential amount or imprisonment of six months or both. (2) The Chief Commissioner, for the purpose of sub section (1), shall have the power to file a criminal complaint against such proprietor.	Willful suppression of information in entertainment tax returns.	imprisonment of 6 months fine of up-to one and a half times the differential amount or both.
3	Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike (BBMP)	Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike act, 2020	326	Whoever contravenes any of the provisions of this Act may be punished with an imprisonment which may extend to one year and with a fine which extend to rupees two lakhs.	Penalty for violation of the act.	1 year of imprisonment and fine upto 2 lakhs
4	Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike (BBMP)	Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike act, 2020	327	Whoever contravenes any of the provisions of the rules made under this Act, may be punished with a fine which extend to rupees two lakhs or with an imprisonment for period upto six months or with both.	Penalty for violation of the provisions of the rule.	6 months of imprisonment and fine upto 2 lakhs
5	Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike (BBMP)	Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike act, 2020	330	Whoever dishonestly misappropriates or converts to his own use any corporation property or puts into improper or un-authorized use such property shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to fifty thousand rupees or with both.	Penalty for un-authorized use of the corporation property	3 months and fine upto fifty thousand rupees

UDD- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	UDD	The Karnataka Improvement Boards Act, 1976	32 A	<p>[32A. Prohibition of unauthorised occupation of land.- (1) Any person who unauthorisedly enters upon and uses or occupies any land belonging to the Board to the use or occupation of which he is not entitled or has ceased to be entitled, shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees.</p> <p>(2) Any person who having unauthorisedly occupied, whether before or after the commencement of the Karnataka Municipal Corporations and Certain other Laws (Amendment) Act, 1984 any land belonging to the Board to the use or occupation of which he is not entitled or has ceased to be entitled, fails to vacate such land in pursuance of an order under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Karnataka Public Premises (Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants) Act, 1974 (Karnataka Act 32 of 1974), shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees and with a further fine which may extend to fifty rupees per acre of land or part thereof for every day on which the occupation continues after the date of the first conviction for such offence.</p> <p>(3) Whoever intentionally aids or abets the commission by any other person of an offence punishable under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) shall, on conviction, be punishable with the same punishment provided for such offence under the said sub sections.</p>	Unauthorised occupation of land belonging to the board	Imprisonment upto three years, a fine up to five thousand rupees.
2	UDD	The Karnataka Urban Development Authorities Act, 1987.	74B(1)	Any person who unauthorisedly enters upon and uses or occupies any land belonging to the Authority to the use or occupation of which he is not entitled or has ceased to be entitled, shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees.	Unauthorised occupation of land	Imprisonment extending to 3 years and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees.

3	UDD	The Karnataka Urban Development Authorities Act, 1987.	74B(2)	<p>Any person who having unauthorisedly occupied whether before or after the commencement of this Act, any land belonging to the Authority to the use or occupation of which he is not entitled, or has ceased to be entitled, fails to vacate such land in pursuance of an order under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Karnataka Public Premises (Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants) Act, 1974 (Karnataka Act 32 of 1974). shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees and with a further fine which may extend to fifty rupees per acre of land or part thereof for every day on which the occupation continues after the date of the first conviction for such offence</p>	Occupation of unauthorised land and fails to vacate such land	Imprisonment for a term which may extend to 3 years and with fine which may extend to 5 thousand rupees
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DMA- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	DMA	The Karnataka Municipal corporation act, 1976.	262	<p>262. Prohibition of the practice of employing persons for carrying night soil as head-load.- (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or in any other law, custom, usage, agreement or practice to the contrary, and save as provided in sub-section (3), no person shall employ or allow himself to be employed for wages or salary for carrying night-soil as head-load or by the manual handling thereof.</p> <p>1[(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) shall be punished with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees and with further fine which may extend to fifty rupees for every day on which such offence is continued, after the date of the first conviction and if any person is convicted for the fifth time of an offence for the contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1) he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or with both.]</p> <p>(3) Nothing in this Act shall apply to any person who employs or allows himself to be employed for carrying night-soil as head-load or by the manual handling thereof in any hospital, clinic, nursing home or other similar institution or as a member of any organisation engaged in social service or to any person who himself carries or collects night-soil for the preparation, use or manufacture of manure.</p>	Prohibition of the practice of employing persons for carrying night soil as head-load	up to Rs. 500
2	DMA	The Karnataka Municipal corporation act, 1976.	441	<p>441. Penalty for unauthorised use of corporation property.- Whoever dishonestly misappropriates or converts to his own use any corporation property or puts into improper or unauthorised use such property shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both.</p>	Unauthorised use of corporation property	imprisonment up to 03 months, or fine up to Rs. 500
3	DMA	The Karnataka Municipal corporation act, 1976.	436A(1)	<p>Any person who unauthorisedly enters upon and uses or occupies any land belonging to the corporation to the use or occupation of which he is not entitled or has ceased to be entitled shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees.</p>	Unauthorised occupation of land	imprisonment up to three years and with fine upto 5000 rupees
4	DMA	Karnataka Municipal Corporations Act, 1976	436 A (2)	<p>436(2) Any person who, having unauthorisedly occupied whether before or after the commencement of the Karnataka Municipal Corporations and certain other Laws (Amendment) Act, 1984, any land belonging to a Corporation to the use or occupation of which he is not entitled or has ceased to be entitled, fails to vacate such land in pursuance of an order under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Karnataka Public Premises (Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants) Act, 1974 (Karnataka Act 32 of 1974), shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees and with further five which may extend to fifty rupees per acre of land or part thereof for every day on which the occupation continues after the date of the first conviction for such offence.</p>	Occupation of unauthorised land and fails to vacate such land	imprisonment up to 3 yrs, or fine up to Rs. 5000
5	DMA	The Karnataka Municipal corporation act,1976.	479	<p>In case any fine, costs, tax or other sum of money imposed, assessed or recoverable by a magistrate under this Act or under any rule, bye-law, or regulation made under it, shall not be paid, the magistrate may order the offender to be imprisoned in default of payment subject to all the restrictions, limitations and condition imposed in sections 64 to 70 (both inclusive) of the Indian Penal Code.</p>	Tax recovery	Refer to IPC section 64-70

6	DMA	The Karnataka Municipalities act, 1964.	262A(1)	Any person who unauthorisedly enters upon and uses or occupies any land belonging to a city municipal council to the use or occupation of which he is not entitled or has ceased to be entitled shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees.	Unauthorised occupation of land	Imprisonment extending to 3 years and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees.
7	DMA	The Karnataka Municipalities act, 1964.	262A(2)	Any person who having unauthorisedly occupied, whether before or after the commencement of the Karnataka Municipal Corporations and certain other Laws (Amendment) Act, 1984, any land belonging to a Municipal Council to the use or occupation of which he is not entitled or has ceased to be entitled, fails to vacate such land in pursuance of an order under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Karnataka Public Premises Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants Act, 1974 (Karnataka Act 32 of 1974), shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees and with a further fine which may extend to fifty rupees per acre of land or part thereof for every day on which the occupation continues after the date of the first conviction for such offence.	Occupation of unauthorised land and fails to vacate such land	Imprisonment extending to 3 years and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees.
8	DMA	The Karnataka Municipalities act, 1964.	276(3)	In case any fine, costs, tax or other sum of money imposed, assessed or recoverable by a magistrate under this Act or under any rule, bye-law, or regulation made under it, shall not be paid, the magistrate may order the offender to be imprisoned in default of payment subject to all the restrictions, limitations and condition imposed in sections 64 to 70 (both inclusive) of the Indian Penal Code.	Tax recovery	Refer to IPC section 64-70

DTCP- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	DTCP	THE KARNATAKA TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT, 1961.	14(B)(23)	Any person who fraudulently create any Development Rights Certificate or fraudulently transfers Development Rights shall on conviction be liable for an imprisonment for not less than one year which may be extended to three years and to a fine which may extend to double the value of amount cheated by him.	fradulant development right certificate	3 year of imprisonment and fine which may extend to double the value of amount cheated by him
2	DTCP	THE KARNATAKA TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT, 1961.	73 (E)	Does any work in contravention of clause (a) or (b) of sub-section (1) of section 35; shall, on conviction, be punished with 1 [imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or with both]1 and the Court shall, in such order of conviction, direct that if such contravention continues after the date of the order of conviction, a fine not exceeding 1 [two hundred and fifty rupees]1 per day for the period from which the contravention continued shall be recovered from the person so convicted: Provided that in the absence of special and adequate reasons to the contrary to be mentioned in the judgment of the Court, the fine shall not be less than 1 [five hundred rupees]1 and in the case of a continuing contravention of the provisions, the fine shall not be less than 1 [twenty five rupees]1 per day.	Developing building, private street without taking permission	3 months and fine.
3	DTCP	THE KARNATAKA TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT, 1961	76(D)	Penalty for obstructing contractor or removing mark.—If any person,— (a) obstructs, or molests any person engaged or employed by the Board or any Planning Authority, or any person with whom the Board or the Planning Authority has entered into a contract, in the performance or execution by such person of his duty or of anything which he is empowered or required to do under this Act, or (b) removes any mark set up for the purpose of indicating any level or direction necessary to the execution of works authorised under this Act, he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees or with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months.	Penalty for obstructing or removing marks	2 months and fine.

BMRDA- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	BMRDA	Bangalore Metropolitan Region Development Authority Act	20	Whoever contravenes any of the provisions of this Act or of any rule, regulation, or byelaw or scheme made or sanctioned thereunder shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees or with both and in the case of continuing contravention, with additional imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both for each day after the first during which contravention continues.	Contravention of the act.	Imprisonment which may extend to 1 year or with fine extend to 10,000 rupees or with both

BDA- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	BDA	The Bangalore Development Authority Act, 1976	33-A(1)	[33A. Prohibition of unauthorised occupation of land.- (1) Any person who unauthorisedly enters upon and uses or occupies any land belonging to the Authority to the use or occupation of which he is not entitled or has ceased to be entitled, shall on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and which fine which may extend to five thousand rupees.	Unauthorised occupation of land belonging to Authority	Imprisonment upto 3 yrs and fine Rs.5,000
2	BDA	The Bangalore Development Authority Act, 1977	33-A(2)	(2) Any person who having unauthorisedly occupied whether before or after the commencement of the Karnataka Municipal Corporations and certain other Laws (Amendment) Act, 1984, any land belonging to the Authority to the use or occupation of which he is not entitled or has ceased to be entitled, fails to vacate such land in pursuance of an order under sub section (1) of section 5 of the Karnataka Public Premises (Eviction of Unauthorised Occupants) Act, 1974 (Karnataka Act 32 of 1974) shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees and with a further fine which may extend to fifty rupees per acre of land or part thereof for every day on which the occupation continues after the date of the first conviction for such offence.	Fails to vacate unauthorised occupied land in pursuance of an order	Imprisonment upto 3 yrs and fine Rs.5,000

BWSSB- List of Crminal Cluses																																																																						
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1	Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Board	BANGALORE WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE ACT, 1964.	62	<p>Punishment for certain offences.— Whoever,—</p> <p>(a) contravenes any of the provisions of this Act mentioned in the first column of the following Table; or</p> <p>(b) fails to comply with any order or direction lawfully given to him or any requisition lawfully made upon him under any of the said provisions, shall be punishable, with imprisonment which may extend to six months; or</p> <p>(i) with fine which may extend to the amount specified in that behalf in the third column of the said Table; or with both and</p> <p>(ii) in the case of a continuing contravention or failure, with an additional fine which may extend to the amount specified in the fourth column of that Table for every day during which such contravention or failure continues after conviction for the first such contravention or failure</p>	Contravenes any provisions of the Act mentioned in the table or fails to comply with any order under those provisions	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine as mentioned in the table or both																																																																
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2	Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Board	BANGALORE WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE ACT, 1964.	85	<p>Punishment for certain offences.—Whoever,— (a) contravenes any of the provisions of this Act mentioned in the first column of the following Table; or (b) fails to comply with any order or direction lawfully given to him or any requisition lawfully made upon him under any of the said provisions, shall be punishable, with an imprisonment which may extend to six months, or, (i) with fine which may extend to the amount specified in that behalf in the third column of the said Table; or with both and (ii) in the case of a continuing contravention or failure, with an additional fine which may extend to the amount specified in the fourth column of that Table for every day during which such contravention or failure continues after conviction for the first such contravention or failure</p>	Contravenes any provisions of the Act mentioned in the table or fails to comply with any order under those provisions	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine as mentioned in the table or both																																																								
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3	Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Board	BANGALORE WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE ACT, 1964.	108A	<p>Theft of water.- (1) Whoever dishonestly obtains water supply through illegal connection or tampers meter or uses tampered meter in any manner resulting in non-recording or wrong recording of consumption of water or damages or destroys water meter/apparatus so as to prevent accurate metering of water consumed, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend up to three years or with fine; or with both.</p> <p>(2) If it is proved that any artificial means or means not authorized by the Board exist for consumption or use of water by the consumer without being recorded by the meter, it shall be presumed that the consumption or use of water has been dishonestly made by such consumer until contrary is proved.</p>	Illegal connections or tampers meter or uses tampered meters	Imprisonment upto 3 years or fine or both
4	Bangalore Water Supply and Sewerage Board	BANGALORE WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE ACT, 1964.	109	<p>General penalty.- Whoever, in any case in which a penalty is not expressly provided by this Act, fails to comply with any notice, order or requisition issued under any provision of this Act or any rule or regulation or bye-law or otherwise contravenes any of the provisions of this Act or any rule or regulation or bye-law, shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or with both. In the case of a continuing failure or contravention, with an additional fine which may extend to five hundred rupees for every day during which such failure or contravention continues after conviction for the first such failure or contravention.</p>	Failure to comply with any notice, order or requisition issued under any provision of this Act or any rule or regulation or bye-law	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 5 thousand rupees or both

Karnataka State Fire and Emergency Services Department- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Karnataka State Fire and Emergency Services Department	THE KARNATAKA FIRE FORCE ACT, 1964	23 A	23A. Penalty for causing disaffection etc -Whoever intentionally causes or attempts to cause or does any act, which he knows is likely to cause, disaffection towards the Government established by law in India, among the members of the Force, or induces or attempts to induce or does any act which he knows is likely to induce, any member of the Force to withhold his services or to commit a breach of discipline shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.	Intentionally causes disaffection towards the by law	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine 200 rupees
2	Karnataka State Fire and Emergency Services Department	THE KARNATAKA FIRE FORCE ACT, 1964	24	24. Failure to give information. —Any person who without just cause fails to communication information in his possession regarding an outbreak of fire as required by section 37, shall be punishable with simple imprisonment which may extend to one month or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both. 37. Information on outbreak of fire. —Any person who possesses any information regarding an outbreak of fire shall communicate the same without delay to the nearest fire station.	Failure to give information on outbreak of fire	Imprisonment upto 1 month or fine upto 500 rupees
3	Karnataka State Fire and Emergency Services Department	THE KARNATAKA FIRE FORCE ACT, 1964	26	26. Wilfully obstructing fire-fighting operations. —Any person who wilfully obstructs or interferes with any member of the Force who is engaged in fire-fighting operations shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both.	Wilfully obstructing fire-fighting operations	Imprisonment upto 3 months or fine 500 rupees

4	Karnataka State Fire and Emergency Services Department	THE KARNATAKA FIRE FORCE ACT, 1964	27	27. False report. - Any person who knowingly gives or causes to be given a false report of the outbreak of a fire to any person authorised to receive such report by means of a treatment, message or otherwise shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both.	False report	Imprisonment upto 3 months or fine 500 rupees
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Rural Development and Panchayat Raj (RDPR)- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Rual Development and Panchayat Raj	The Karnataka Gram Swaraj and Panchayat Raj Act, 1993	281	281. Wrongful obstruction of certain officers. - Any person who prevents the Chief Executive Officer, Executive Officer or the Secretary or any person to whom such officer has lawfully delegated his powers of entering on or into any place, building or land from exercising his lawful power of entering thereon or therein shall, on conviction, be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both.	Penalty for wrongful obstruction of officer	Imprisonment upto 1 month and or with fine upto 500 rupees or both

Home Department- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Home Department	THE PREVENTION OF DESTRUCTION AND LOSS OF PROPERTY ACT, 1981	2	<p>2. Punishment for committing mischief in respect of property- Whoever,-</p> <p>(a) commits or attempts to commit, or instigates, incites or otherwise abets the commission of mischief within the meaning of section 425 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 (Central Act 45 of 1860) and causes loss or damage to any property; or</p> <p>(b) causes loss or damage to any property in any area during the period when an assembly of five or more persons in such area is prohibited by or under any law for the time being in force, or when such assembly is deemed as an unlawful assembly under section 141 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 (Central Act 45 of 1860), shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to five years and with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees:</p> <p>Provided that the court may for reasons to be recorded in writing, impose lesser punishment.</p>	Causing damage to the property during prohibited assembly of 4 to 5 people in particular area	Imprisonment from 6 months to 5 years and fine upto 2000

Cooperation Department- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(3)	(3) A co-operative society or an [office bearer] or member thereof willfully making a false return or furnishing false information, or any person willfully or without any reasonable excuse disobeying any summons, requisition or lawful written order issued under the provisions of this Act or willfully not furnishing any information or handing over any documents or property required from him by a person or body of persons authorized in this behalf under the provisions of this Act, shall be punishable [with imprisonment which may extend to two years but shall not be less than three months and with fine which may extend to three thousand rupees but shall not be less than five hundred rupees]	Providing false information or disobedience to co-operative guidelines	Imprisonment from 3 months to 2 years and fine from 500 rupees to 3000 rupees
2	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(4)	(4) Any employer, who without sufficient cause, fails to make the deduction under sub-section (2) of section 34, or fails to pay to a co-operative society the amount deducted by him under sub-section (2) of section 34 within a period of fourteen days from the date on which such deduction is made, shall, without prejudice to any action that may be taken against him under any law for the time being in force be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to three thousand rupees	Employers failing to pay co-operative society	Imprisonment upto 3 months or fine upto 3 thousand rupees
3	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(6)	(6) If any person,— (i) not eligible to become a member under section 17 applies to a co-operative society for admission as a member, or becomes a member, or after ceasing to be a member [under sub-section (2) of that section acts as or exercises any rights or privileges of a member of any such co-operative society] (ii) exercises the rights of a member in contravention of the provisions of section 19; (iii) willfully fails to furnish the information or document in contravention of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 87; (iv) grants a lease of the mortgaged property in contravention of sub-section (1) of section 95 shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to three thousand rupees	Unauthorized membership	Imprisonment upto 3 months or fine upto 3 thousand rupees
4	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(8)	(8) If any person collecting any money as share money for a co-operative society in formation does not within a period of seven days from the date of such collection deposit the same in a co-operative bank specified by the Registrar in this behalf in the name of the co-operative society to be formed, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine which may extend to three thousand rupees	Non-deposition of share money within 7 days	Imprisonment upto 3 years or fine upto 3 thousand rupees
5	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(10)	(10) Any office bearer of a co-operative society or other person who fails to hand over the custody of books, records, cash, securities and other property belonging to the co-operative society to a person appointed under sections 30, 31 or 73 or any other person or office bearer entitled to the possession thereof shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years or with fine which may extend to three thousand rupees	Failure to return any belonging of a co-operative society	Imprisonment upto 3 years or fine upto 3 thousand rupees
6	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(11)	(11) Any office bearer or member of a co-operative society who willfully fails to comply with any decision, award or order passed by the Registrar or arbitrator or the tribunal shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to three thousand rupees.	Non-compliance with the Registrar order	Imprisonment upto 1 year or fine upto 3 thousand rupees
7	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(12)	(12) Any office bearer or a member of co-operative society who willfully recommends or sanctions for his own personal use or benefit or for the use or benefit of a person in whom he has interest, a loan in the name of any other person shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to three thousand rupees or with both	Recommends/sanctions loan for his/her own use or for other person in whom he has interest	Imprisonment upto 1 year or fine upto 3 thousand rupees or both

8	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(12A)	(12A) where any person conducting audit under section 63 or inquiry under section 64 or inspection under section 65 or section 65B,— (i) willfully omits to mention in his report any defects or irregularity which he has noticed or might have noticed had he exercised due diligence during the course of audit, inquiry or inspection; or (ii) willfully makes false observation in his report; shall without prejudice to any other action that may be taken against him under any law for the time being in force be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to three thousand rupees or with both.	Willfull omission of noticed defects or making false reports	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 3 thousand rupees or both
9	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(12B)	(12B) Where a Chief Executive fails to send periodical extracts of cash book and certified copies of the proceedings of the General Meetings and board Meetings to the Registrar and the financing bank or credit agency within the time limits specified under sub-section (6) of section 29G, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to three thousand rupees or with both.	Chief Executive failing to submit financial records	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 3 thousand rupees or both
10	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(13)	13) Any co-operative society or any office bearer or employee or paid servant thereof who fails to give effect to any decision or award under section 71 including order if any, passed by the appropriate appellate authority, such decision or award not being a money decree, shall if such failure is by,— (a) the Board, be punishable with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees, and (b) an office bearer or an employee or a paid servant of such co-operative society, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or with both	Non-compliance with the decisions or award under section 71 including order if any	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 5 thousand rupees or both
11	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(15)	(15) Where an office bearer, an employee, a paid servant or a member of a co-operative society, receives or sanctions a benami loan, accepts or obtains or agrees to accept or attempts to obtain from any person for himself or for any other person any gratification whatsoever, other than legal remuneration as a motive or reward for doing or forbearing to do any official act or showing or forbearing to show in exercise of his official functions favour or disfavour to any person or for rendering or attempting to render any service or dis-service to any person or used or allows to use the properties or funds of any co-operative society otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Act, the rules or the bye-laws of the co-operative society; or where any [office bearer] of the co-operative society signs in the minutes of the board or other board meetings without actually attending such meeting; he shall be deemed to be guilty of corrupt practice (i) every person found guilty of any corrupt practice shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or with both; (ii) every person convicted of an offence under clause (i) shall be disqualified permanently to be an office bearer or an employee or a paid servant of any co-operative society.	Guilty of corrupt practice under subsection (15)	Imprisonment upto 1 year or fine upto 5 thousand rupees or both
12	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(16)	(16) Any co-operative society or a member of its board or any employee thereof guilty of any contravention of the provisions of this Act for which no penalty is provided elsewhere, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or with both.	Guilty of any contravention of the provisions of this Act for which no penalty is provided elsewhere	Imprisonment upto 3 months or fine upto 5 thousand rupees or both
13	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(17)	(17) The members of the board who fails and the chief executive who fail to submit the accounts and the information required by the auditor as per section 63 within the stipulated time shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with a fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or with both	Fails to submit accounts/ information required by auditor under section 63 within given time	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 5 thousand rupees or both
14	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(18)	(18) Every member of the board who fails and the chief executive who fails to get its accounts for the previous year audited as per section 63 within the stipulated time and present the same before the annual general meeting shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with a fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees or with both	Failing to get accounts audited within stipulated time and present before AGM	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 10 thousand rupees or both
15	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(19)	19) Every member of the board who and the chief executive who fail to file annual returns with the Registrar as per section 27B shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or with both	Failing to file annual returns with the Registrar	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 5 thousand rupees or both
16	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(20)	(20)Every member of the board which fails and the chief executive who fails to provide necessary books, records and information within time and assist the cooperative election commission for the conduct of elections within the time stipulated under section 39AA shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term of six months or with fine of ten thousand rupees or with both	Failing to provide necessary books, records and information and assist cooperative election commission	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 10 thousand rupees or both
17	Cooperation Department	The Karnataka Co-operative Societies Act, 1959	109(21)	(21)Any person who, before, during or after the election of the members of the board or office-bearers, adopts any corrupt practice under section 39C or commits any electoral offences under section 39K shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees or with both.	Adopt Corrupt practices before, during or after election	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 10 thousand rupees or both

18	Cooperation Department	Souharda Sahakari Adhiniyama 1997	68(1)	(1) If an office bearer or director or a Chief Executive or any employee of a Co-operative or Federal Co-operative willfully fails to issue a notice, send a return or document or neglects or refuses to furnish any information or willfully furnishes a false or an insufficient information required under this Act or the bye-laws of a Co-operative, shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or imprisonment which may extend to one year or with both	Failing to issue a notice, send a return or document or neglects or refuses to furnish any information or willfully furnishes a false or an insufficient information	Imprisonment upto 1 year or fine upto 5 thousand rupees or both
19	Cooperation Department	Souharda Sahakari Adhiniyama 1997	68(2)	(2) If an office bearer, a Chief Executive, a director or any employee of a Co-operative or Federal Co-operative fails to do any act required to be done under this Act or allows to be done any act forbidden by this Act or the bye-laws or fails to fulfil the duties or indulges in fraudulent activities concerning the constitution, management and business or misuses funds and properties or indulges in the conduct of election to the board of directors "in corrupt" practices as defined under section 123 of the Representation of Peoples Act, 1951 (Central Act 43 of 1951) or fails to provide such information or produce such books or records or to give assistance or fails to appear in person before the person conducting an inquiry under sections 35 and 65 or audit under sections 33 and 64 or fails to contribute to the "Federal Co-operative Fund" of the Federal Co-operative, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees or with imprisonment which may extend to two years or with both	Fails to fulfil the duties or indulges in fraudulent activities	Imprisonment upto 2 years or fine upto 10 thousand rupees or both
20	Cooperation Department	Souharda Sahakari Adhiniyama 1997	68(3)	(3) Any employer, who without sufficient cause, fails to make the deduction or fails to pay to a co-operative the amount deducted by him for a period of fourteen days from the date on which such deduction is made shall be punishable with a fine of rupees five thousand or an imprisonment for a term of six months or with both	Employers failing to pay co-operative society	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 5 thousand rupees or both
21	Cooperation Department	Souharda Sahakari Adhiniyama 1997	68(4)	(4) Any office bearer, chief executive, a director or an employee of a co-operative or federal cooperative who is in possession of any information, books and records and who fails to furnish such information or produce such books or records or who willfully fails to handover custody of the books, accounts, documents, records, cash, security and other property belonging to a co-operative or the federal cooperative of which he is an officer or custodian, to an authorized person or who fails, without sufficient cause, to comply with a lawful written order or a requisition or a summons issued under the provisions of this Act shall be punishable with a fine of rupees ten thousand or an imprisonment for a term of two years or with both	Failing to furnish information or handover books, accounts, documents, records, cash etc. belonging to cooperative society	Imprisonment upto 2 years or fine upto 10 thousand rupees or both
22	Cooperation Department	Souharda Sahakari Adhiniyama 1997	68(5)	(5) If the board and the Chief Executive of any cooperative or the federal cooperative fail to get its accounts for the preceding year audited within the period time stipulated under section 33 or section 64 as the case may be and present the audit financial statement along with audit report before the annual general meeting such every director and chief executive of such cooperative or federal cooperative shall be punishable with a fine of rupees five thousand or an imprisonment of six months or with both	Failing to get accounts audited within stipulated time and present before AGM	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 5 thousand rupees or both
23	Cooperation Department	Souharda Sahakari Adhiniyama 1997	68(6)	(6) If the board and the Chief Executive of any cooperative or the federal cooperative fail to submit the returns and information to the registrar and federal cooperative as specified in the Section 34 or 64A as the case may be, every director and chief executive of such cooperative or the federal cooperative shall be punishable with a fine of rupees ten thousand or an imprisonment of two years or with both	Failing to submit the returns and information to the registrar and federal cooperative	Imprisonment upto 2 years or fine upto 10 thousand rupees or both
24	Cooperation Department	Souharda Sahakari Adhiniyama 1997	68(7)	(7) If the board and the Chief Executive of any cooperative or the federal cooperative fail to assist the cooperative election commission by furnishing the books, records and information required for conducting elections within the prescribed time under Section 26 or section 58, as the case may be, every director and Chief Executive of such cooperative or the federal cooperative shall be punishable with a fine of rupees ten thousand or an imprisonment of six months or with both	Failing to provide necessary books, records and information and assist cooperative election commission	Imprisonment upto 6 months or fine upto 10 thousand rupees or both
25	Cooperation Department	Souharda Sahakari Adhiniyama 1997	68(8)	(8) Any person who, before, during or after the election of the members of the board or office-bearers of a cooperative or the federal cooperative, adopts any corrupt practice as specified under section 39C or commits any electoral offences specified under section 39K of the Karnataka Cooperative Societies Act, 1959 shall be punishable with a fine of rupees ten thousand or an imprisonment of two years or with both	Adopt Corrupt practices before, during or after election	Imprisonment upto 2 years or fine upto 10 thousand rupees or both

Tourism Department- List of Criminal Clauses						
#	Department Name	Act Name	Section/ Rule no.	Provisions under the Section	Compliance Short Description	Penalty on violation
1	Tourism Department	The KARNATAKA TOURISM TRADE (FACILITATION AND REGULATION) ACT, 2015	8(5)	<p>8. Registration, Recognition and Grading.- (5) Where any person continues to contravene the provisions of sub-section (3) even after the imposition of penalties under sub-section (4), shall on conviction, be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months or with fine or with both.</p> <p>(3) No person shall conduct or operate any of the tourism trade in any tourist destination with respect to which the rules and regulating such tourism trade is made under this Act, unless such category of tourism trade is registered, recognised or graded: Provided that a person who is carrying on any category of tourism trade on the date of commencement of the rules regulating such category of trade may continue to carry on such trade if he has made application for registration, recognition or grading under this Act unless it is rejected: Provided, further that where a tourism trade is registered by Government of India, such tourism trade may be exempted from registration and grading under this Act. The tourism operator of such facility shall provide a copy of the certificate of registration or grading, as the case may be, issued by Government of India to Department of Tourism. On verification of such certificate, the Department of Tourism may exempt such tourism trade from the requirement of registration or grading under this Act.</p> <p>(4) Any person found contravening sub-section (3) with respect to any tourism trade after expiry of one year from the date of commencement of this Act, shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding rupees ten thousand .</p>	Violation by Conducting or operating any of the tourism trade not registered, recognised or graded	Fine upto 10 thousand rupees
2	Tourism Department	The KARNATAKA TOURISM TRADE (FACILITATION AND REGULATION) ACT, 2015	16(9)	<p>16. Tour Guides License.- (9) Any person arrested under sub-section (8) shall be produced before the Judicial Magistrate having jurisdiction and such person shall, on conviction, be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to fifteen days or with a fine which may extend to rupees two thousand or with both.</p> <p>(8)Any person found acting as a tour guide, without obtaining licence from the prescribed authority, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding rupees two thousand upon the matter being reported to the prescribed authority by tourist mitra or any officer of Department of Tourism. On such report, the prescribed authority shall hold enquiry and afford opportunity of hearing to the person concerned before passing orders for fine and whoever repeats or continues to act as a tour guide, having been fined for such offence, shall be arrested without warrant by any police officer not below the rank of sub-inspector.</p>	Acting as tour guide without obtaining license	Fine upto 2 thousand rupees

3	Tourism Department	The KARNATAKA TOURISM TRADE (FACILITATION AND REGULATION) ACT, 2015	19(3)	<p>19. Statistical information.- (3) Where any person, company, association or firm or any other body bound to furnish statistical information in terms of the provisions contained in sub-section (1), continues to contravene the provisions of said sub-section even after the imposition of penalties under sub-section (2), shall on conviction, be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to two months or with fine or with both.</p> <p>(1) Each and every owner or operator of the tourism trade whether registered under the provisions of this Act or not, shall be duty bound to furnish such statistical information or statistical data and at such intervals and in such form to such authority as may be prescribed.</p> <p>(2) If any person, company, association or firm or any other body when required to furnish any information or statistics in terms of sub-section (1),-</p> <p>(a) without just cause, fails or refuses to furnish the information or statistics concerned; or</p> <p>(b) knowingly furnishes any information or statistics which is false in a material respect or misleading; shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand and upon second or subsequent non-compliance, be liable to a fine which may extend to rupees two thousand.</p>	Fails to provide statistical information or knowingly provides false information	Fine upto 1000 rupees
4	Tourism Department	The KARNATAKA TOURISM TRADE (FACILITATION AND REGULATION) ACT, 2015	23(2)(a)	<p>23. Prohibition of certain activities in tourist destinations.-</p> <p>(2) Any person who,-</p> <p>(a) contravenes the provisions of clause (a) of sub-section (1) shall on conviction be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees, or with both</p> <p>(1) No person shall,-</p> <p>(a) commit any act of touting or malpractice against any tourist or engage in begging or hawking articles for sale at any tourist destination</p>	Act of touting or malpractice against any tourist or engage in begging or hawking articles for sale	Imprisonment upto 6 months or with fine upto ten thousand rupees, or both
5	Tourism Department	The KARNATAKA TOURISM TRADE (FACILITATION AND REGULATION) ACT, 2015	23(2)(b)	<p>23. Prohibition of certain activities in tourist destinations.-(2) Any person who,-</p> <p>(b) contravenes the provisions of clause(b) of sub-section (1), shall on conviction be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees, or with both</p> <p>(1) No person shall,-</p> <p>(b) abet commission of any act of touting or malpractice against any tourist and begging or hawking of articles for sale in tourist destination</p>	Abet commission of any act of touting or malpractice against any tourist and begging or hawking of articles for sale	Imprisonment upto 6 months or with fine upto five thousand rupees, or both

6	Tourism Department	The KARNATAKA TOURISM TRADE (FACILITATION AND REGULATION) ACT, 2015	23(2)(C)	<p>23. Prohibition of certain activities in tourist destinations.-(2) Any person who,- (c) contravenes the provisions of clause(c) of sub-section (1), shall on conviction be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees, or with both</p> <p>(1) No person shall,- (c) attempt to commit any act of touting or malpractice against any tourist in tourist destination.</p>	Attempt to commit any act of touting or malpractice against any tourist	Imprisonment upto 3 months or with fine upto two thousand rupees, or both
7	Tourism Department	The KARNATAKA TOURISM TRADE (FACILITATION AND REGULATION) ACT, 2015	23(6)	<p>23. (6) whoever commits any subsequent violation of the prohibition imposed on hawking articles for sale in any tourist destination even after having been punished under sub-section (5), shall be arrested without warrant by any Police Officer and the offender shall be produced before the Judicial magistrate, having jurisdiction, and shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment which may extend to one year or with a fine which may extend to rupees three thousand or with both.</p> <p>(5) Whoever further engages himself in hawking articles for sale, even after having committed violation under sub-section (3) and his consequential removal under sub-section (4), the offender shall be arrested by any Police Officer and shall be produced before any officer not below the rank of Tahasildar authorised in this regard by the Deputy Commissioner of the local area where the offence is committed, who shall record the statement of the Police Officer as well as of the offender and peruse the daily diary or other record showing events of violation of this Act by the offender and after hearing the offender and the Police Officer record his findings in a summary manner and where the offender is found to be guilty of violation of prohibition as aforesaid in this section, the prescribed officer shall impose a fine not exceeding rupees five hundred for violation of provisions of sub-section (4).</p> <p>(3) Any person who engages himself in hawking articles for sale and committed offence under sub section (1) shall be dispersed by the tourist mitra and such person shall be directed to leave the area and remove himself beyond that area. The tourist mitra shall record the entry of this fact in a diary which shall be maintained by him in the prescribed manner.</p> <p>(4) Whenever any person to whom direction has been given under sub-section (3) to remove himself from the tourist destination-</p> <p>(a) fails to remove himself as directed; or (b) having removed himself, re-enters the area or part thereof shall be apprehended and removed from that area by any police officer and released outside that area and entry of such apprehension and release shall be recorded in the daily diary maintained at the police station.</p>	Hawking articles for sale, on direction fails to remove himself from the tourist destination	Imprisonment upto 1 year or fine upto 3 thousand rupees or both
8	Tourism Department	The KARNATAKA TOURISM TRADE (FACILITATION AND REGULATION) ACT, 2015	24(8)	<p>24. Protection and Maintenance of the tourist destination.-(8) Whoever contravenes any of the provisions of this Act or fails to comply with any order or directions given under the Act or obstructs any person acting under the orders or directions of the competent authority from exercising its powers and performing its functions under this Act, shall on conviction be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three months but which may extend to three years or with fine which may extend to rupees five thousand or with both</p>	Contravenes any provision under Act or fails to comply with any order or directions given under the Act	Imprisonment from 3 months to 3 years or fine upto 5 thousand rupees or both

9	Tourism Department	The KARNATAKA TOURISM TRADE (FACILITATION AND REGULATION) ACT, 2015	25(2)	<p>25. Punishment for false display of recognition.-(2) Where any person, company, association or firm or any other body, even after imposition of fine under sub-section (1) continues to display or show that he is recognised or registered as such, he shall, on conviction, be punishable with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine or with both.</p> <p>(1) If any person, company, association or firm or any other body who falsely represent any tourism trade as registered or graded under this Act, the prescribed authority shall impose fine not exceeding rupees fifty thousand for the first of such offence, and not exceeding rupees one lakh for second or subsequent offence:</p> <p>Provided that before ordering imposition of fine, the prescribed authority shall, afford reasonable opportunity of hearing to the person, company, association or firm or any other body concerned.</p>	Subsequent violation even after being punished under subsection (1) for false display of recognition of tourism trade	For First offence upto 50 thousand rupees
10	Tourism Department	The KARNATAKA TOURISM TRADE (FACILITATION AND REGULATION) ACT, 2015	26(4)	<p>26. Punishment for unauthorised usage of Government Tourism brand.-(4) Where any person, company, association or firm or any other body, even after imposition of penalty under sub-section (1) continues to use the Government Tourism Brand, he shall, on conviction, be punishable with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine or with both</p> <p>(1) No person, company, association or firm or any other body shall use any brand belonging to Government tourism entities without the permission or authorisation.</p> <p>(2) Any person, company, association or firm or any other body contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) shall be liable to pay penalty not exceeding rupees fifty thousand for the first of such offence, and not exceeding rupees one lakh for second or subsequent offence:</p> <p>Provided that before ordering imposition of penalty, the prescribed authority shall, afford reasonable opportunity of hearing to the person, company, association or firm or any other body concerned.</p>	Subsequent violation even after being punished under subsection (1) for unauthorised usage of Government Tourism brand	For First offence upto 50 thousand rupees